- EDUCATION • EFFICACY - ENTERPRISE


## VOWELS AND SYLLABLES

Consider the spelling of English words through the lens of vowels and syllables.

| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Short } \\ \text { An Egg Is On Us (Oops) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | LongApes Eat Icecream Over Unicorns (Eww) |  |  | Control -r | Dipthong | c-le |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Closed vc; cvc | Open cv | Digraph and team (letters used to spell vowel) | Split digraph vce | carpark <br> her, bird, turns | found, cow toy, coin |  |
| am; it; on; up <br> hat; pen; sip; log; fun; gym; back; sniff; hill; that, shop, chip; clap, stop, nest |  | ai; ay; (eigh; ei; ey; ea) | a_e | ar | ow/ou | lit-tle |
|  | me, be, she | ee; ea; ey; -y; (ei; ie) | e_e | er; ir; ur |  | ta-ble peo-ple |
| oo: took; put could | hi, my, sky | igh; ie; -y; (ei) | i_e |  |  |  |
|  | go, no, so | oa; ow; (oe; ough) | O_e | or (oor, aw and other spellings) |  |  |
| Outlier: bread | to, do | ue; oo; ew; (ough; ou; ui; o) | u_e | air; ear; eer; ere; eir; are |  |  |
| Morphemes, prefixes, suffixes, multi-syllable and schwa* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fan-tas-tic <br> tab-let <br> un-roll <br> in-hab-it-ant | se-cret ba-by re-do | com-plain re-treat | com-pete remake | in-jur-y un-der | con-voy; re-coil a-bout; flow-er |  |

*Schwa: in an unaccented syllable of a multi-syllable word where the vowel becomes indistinct/u/ or $/ \mathrm{i} /$ when the letter is something else, eg rocket sounds like rockit; lemon sounds like lemin. The schwa makes the way we say a word different from the vowel we use to spell that sound.

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